

September 18, 2013 File: 17-336-1

Regional District of Nanaimo 6300 Hammond Bay Road Nanaimo, BC V9T 6N1

Attention: Mr. Wayne Moorman, P.Eng.

REVISED GWUDI FOLLOW-UP STUDY RDN SAN PAREIL WELL FIELD

Dear Wayne:

Thurber Engineering Ltd. (Thurber) is pleased to submit this report to the Regional District of Nanaimo (RDN) providing the results of a follow-up 'ground water under direct influence of surface water' (GWUDI) investigation for two existing wells (Well #1 and Well #4) at the San Pareil Well Field in Parksville, BC.

This revised report supersedes the original report dated October 4, 2012. Use of this letter report is subject to our Statement of Limitations and Conditions, which is located following the text of this report.

1. BACKGROUND

The San Pareil well field is shown in the attached Figure 1. There are four existing groundwater wells on the subject property, two of which are currently in use as production wells. The two production wells (RDN Well #1 and Well #4) are identified respectively by BC Ministry of Environment (MOE) well identification numbers (WIN) 13713 and 13993. The well field was constructed in 1970 (Wright Parry, 1996) and has been operated by the RDN since 1999 when it was taken over from Bubbling Springs Utilities.

Well #1 was constructed around 1976 and is known to be comprised of a dug well connected to a single, 30 m long, horizontal infiltration gallery (Thurber, 2010). It is unknown who constructed this well. Well #4 was drilled and tested by Fyfe's Well Drilling in 2004 under the direction of Levelton Consultant Ltd. (Levelton, 2005). In 2011, Well #1 was intermittently utilized at a pumping rate of 10.4 L/s (165 USgpm) and Well #4 at a rate of 15.6 L/s (247 USgpm).

A GWUDI investigation was conducted by Thurber in 2010 which resulted in an indeterminate risk status for the subject wells as per the then BC MOE "Draft 5 Guidance Document for Determining Ground Water at Risk of Containing Pathogens Including Ground Water Under Direct Influence of Surface Water" (Kohut, 2009), which has recently been issued in non-draft form (BC MOH, 2012). The initial GWUDI investigation made a number of recommendations for further study. This GWUDI follow-up study addresses the additional monitoring and alterations to the site/wells that has been conducted as per the Thurber (2010) recommendations. It is our understanding that reporting from this study will be submitted to the Vancouver Island Health Authority (VIHA).



2. METHODOLOGY

In response to the recommendations made in the original GWUDI investigation, the following works have been completed by the RDN:

- Raw water sampling of Well #1 and Well #4 has been conducted on a monthly basis since June 2011;
- Long-term, continuous water level monitoring of a stilling well connected to the nearby wetlands was initiated in April 2010; and,
- A surface seal was constructed around Well #1 and the casing stickup was extended.

Thurber undertook the following tasks for this GWUDI follow-up investigation:

- Compiled water level monitoring data collected by the RDN from MW1, MW2, Well #4, and the wetlands over approximately the previous 2 years;
- Compiled bacteriological water quality data that has been collected by the RDN since June 2011;
- Undertook collection and analysis of 2 *Cryptosporidium* and *Giardia* filtration samples and 2 samples for particle distribution analysis.
- Liaised with contractors for Well #1 surface sealing; and,
- Estimated groundwater travel times.

3. RESULTS

3.1 Water Level Monitoring

Three wells (MW1, MW2, Well #4) completed in the shallow sand and gravel aquifer, and a stilling well connected to the nearby wetlands, are being continuously monitored at the San Pareil well field for water level and temperature.

Each of the monitoring wells has a data-logging transducer, capable of measuring temperature and pressure, from which the data has been downloaded monthly since June 2011. Barometric pressure was subtracted from the pressure measured in the wells to obtain water levels for this period of time. During downloading of the data, manual water levels were measured by the RDN in the wells with dataloggers and in Well #1 and Well #2.

Water elevations from April 2010 to March 2012 are compiled in Figure 2. From this figure, it is apparent that groundwater and wetland elevations fluctuated in the wet season in response to precipitation events and were relatively stable in the dry season. High-frequency water level variations on the order of 1 to 1.5 m are evident in Well #4 as a result of pumping. Well #4

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pumping also affected the water levels in nearby MW2 which were drawn down on the order of 0.5 m.

Water elevations and trends were similar at Well #1, Well #2, MW1, and the wetlands throughout the monitoring period. Groundwater elevations at Well #4 and MW2 were approximately 0.5 m lower in elevation than at other locations. Similar water elevations and trends between the groundwater and nearby wetlands suggest a direct hydraulic connection between the shallow groundwater and the surface water.

3.2 Water Quality Monitoring

Raw water sampling of the production wells at San Pareil has been conducted annually since 2004 at Well #1 and since 2008 at Well #4¹. Monthly bacteriological sampling of raw water for total coliform and *E. coli.* analysis was initiated in June 2011. Since sampling was initiated, there have been no samples from either Well #1 or Well #4 in which *E. coli.* has been detected. Total coliforms is regularly detected in both wells with concentrations at Well #1 ranging from <1.0 to >200 (on October 26, 2004) colony forming units (CFU)/100 mL or most probable number (MPN)/100 mL and concentrations at Well #4 ranging from <1 to 6.4 CFU/100 mL or MPN/100mL. According to the Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality (GCDWQ)², total coliforms are widely distributed in the water and soil of the natural environment. Total coliforms may therefore be widespread throughout the shallow, unconfined aquifer at San Pareil. Laboratory data sheets from monthly bacteriological sampling conducted since June are attached and summarized in Table 1.

Table 1. Summary of Concentrations of Bacteriological Parameters for Well #1 and Well #2 from June 2011 to March 2012

Hom banc 201	i to maron		11/400 11	14/ELL #4 /54B	11/400 11
DATE	TIME	WELL #1 (MP	WELL #1 (MPN/100mL)		N/100mL)
DATE	I IIVIE	Total coliforms	E.coli.	Total coliforms	E.coli.
June 27/11	09:13	2.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Jul 25/11	09:39	4.2	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Aug 29/11	09:30	<u>1.0</u>	<1.0	<u>1.0</u>	<1.0
Sept 21/11	09:33	<u>3.1</u>	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Oct 19/11	13:56	9.9	<1.0	<u>1.0</u>	<1.0
Nov 21/11	13:28	<u>8.7</u>	<1.0	<u>1.0</u>	<1.0
Dec 7/11	11:33	<u>19.2</u>	<1.0	<u>6.4</u>	<1.0
Jan 23/12	09:00	4.2	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Feb 29/12	14:20	<1.0	<1.0	2.0	<1.0
Mar 29/12	09:12	<1.0	<1.0	3.1	<1.0

Note: bold and underline numbers indicate values exceeding the GCDWQ maximum acceptable concentration of none detectable (<1.0) per 100 mL at the point of consumption.

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¹ http://www.rdn.bc.ca/cms.asp?wpID=900

² http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/ewh-semt/water-eau/drink-potab/guide/index-eng.php



Samples for microscopic particulate analysis (MPA) were obtained from the pumping wells and analyzed by Hyperion Research Ltd. using a combination of the US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA)'s Consensus Method for Determining Groundwaters Under the Direct Influence of Surface Water (Vasconcelos and Harris, 1992) and USEPA Method 1623 (USEPA, 2005). MPA sampling was conducted in February 2010 as part of the initial GWUDI investigation (Thurber, 2010) and again in July 2011. Sampling was conducted while the wells were pumping at their utilization rates. The July 2011 MPA sampling resulted in a moderate risk of microbiological contamination from surface water based on the rating system of the Consensus Method (risk factors of 17 for Well #1 and 12 for Well #2). No *Cryptosporidium* oocysts or *Giardia* cysts were present in any of the samples tested. Laboratory data sheets from recent MPA sampling are attached.

To assess aquifer filtration, samples were also obtained in July 2011 for particle size distribution analysis. According to the Terms of Reference of the Ontario GWUDI procedure (Ontario MOE, 2001), one line of evidence for demonstrating whether the aquifer is providing effective *in situ* filtration is particle count data showing that the water consistently contains significantly less than 100 particles per mL in the size range 10 microns and greater in size. Unfortunately, the type of particle distribution analysis that was conducted on the San Pareil samples at the University of British Columbia cannot be directly compared to this objective. The UBC results from the water sample collected from Well #4 (attached) indicated that approximately 60% of the particles were above 10 microns in size, although the equivalent concentration in particles per mL is not known. According to the UBC lab, the sample collected from Well #1 can be considered very clean as particle counts were close to those of the background electrolyte which is filtered through 0.45 micron filter paper. The result from Well #1 suggests that aquifer filtration, as demonstrated from the one sampling date at this well, may be effective.

Note that particulate count can change significantly with recharge events in groundwater connected to surface water. Additional particle size distribution samples were not obtained at this time, however, the groundwater quality at San Pareil may be affected by extreme recharge events. This conclusion is supported by the fact that chlorine injection during water treatment sometimes has to be increased during heavy rains, possibly due to an increase in suspended particulate in the water.

3.3 Well Closures and Alterations

A surface seal was constructed by Fyfe Well and Water Services around Well #1 on July 19, 2011. This was done by removing the native material from around the concrete-cased wellhead to a depth and width of approximately 1 m. This space was then backfilled with a bentonite slurry and tamped.

On October 24, 2011, the RDN extended the concrete ring casing stickup of Well #1 by 0.65 m to raise the top above the inferred 200 year flood level. To improve the seal, the joint between the new and old concrete rings was grouted.

On July 16, 2012, Precision Service and Pumps Inc. (Precision) formally closed Well #2 by excavating down and removing the top concrete casing ring and then filling the hole with

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alternating layers of bentonite and 20 mm gravel. The 300 mm-diameter observation well next to the production well and the 100 mm-diameter piezometers at the east end of the infiltration gallery were also closed at the same time as Well #2 by backfilling with bentonite. Also on July 16, 2012, Precision extended the steel casing on MW1 by 2 m. The well alteration and closure logs for the work done by Precision are attached.

3.4 Travel Time Estimates

According to the GWUDI Guidance Document, where aquifer filtration is adequate, an estimated time of travel that is greater than 100 days from a potential source of pathogens (e.g. surface water) to a well supports the water source being deemed at low risk of containing pathogens from a GWUDI situation.

Using a flow gradient (i) of 0.008 (based on the relative difference in water levels between MW2 and MW1), a transmissivity (T) of 1.3 x 10⁻² m²/s (Levelton, 2005), an aquifer thickness (b) of 5 m, and an effective porosity (θ) of 0.3, the average linear groundwater velocity (v) was calculated as follows (Freeze and Cherry, 1979):

$$v = \frac{T i}{b \theta}$$

This resulted in a velocity of approximately 6 m/day. At this velocity, the travel time from the wetland to both Well #1 and Well #4 (both a distance of about 30 m from the wetland) is approximately 5 days. Using the same groundwater velocity, the estimated travel time from the Englishman River to Well #1 (a distance of approximately 60 m) is 10 days and to Well #4 (~90 m away) is 15 days.

4. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The results of groundwater level monitoring confirm that there is a direct hydraulic connection between the aquifer at the San Pareil well field, the nearby wetlands and likely the Englishman River. In addition, total coliform is regularly detected in the raw water samples from Well #1 and Well #4 and the estimated travel time from the nearby wetlands to the wells is considerably less than the 100 days recommended in the GWUDI Guidance Document. Based on these data and the assessment criteria established in the GWUDI Guidance Document, Well #1 and Well #4 are considered 'at risk' of containing pathogens from a GWUDI situation.

To 'ensure the provision of microbiological safe drinking water' we understand that water systems sourcing a surface water supply are subject to the VIHA 4-3-2-1 policy³. The groundwater source from the San Pareil well field is presently chlorinated and, based on the small dataset available from MPA and particulate size distribution analysis, there is evidence to show that adequate filtration may be occurring in the aquifer. If this is the case, conditions may currently meet the 4-3-2-1 treatment requirements for surface water. It is our understanding that

³ http://www.health.gov.bc.ca/protect/pdf/surfacewater-treatment-objectives-march-2012.pdf

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E-File: cwp_17-336-1_rpt_Revised GWUDI Follow-up Study.doc

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this water system has operated for over 40 years with no known issues of bacteria or pathogens at the point of consumption. This would lend support to the effectiveness of *in situ* aquifer filtration combined with reservoir chlorination which is the present treatment regime at San Pareil.

Should the current level of treatment be maintained for water sourced from the San Pareil wells, we recommend the following long-term monitoring activities be implemented (at a minimum):

- Continuing water level monitoring in the select wells and the wetlands (reduced from monthly to quarterly manual readings and downloads from dataloggers).
- Continuing monthly raw water sampling in the dry months (June to October) and expanding to bi-monthly (i.e. twice per month) sampling in the wet months (November to May) for bacteriological analyses (*E. coli* and total coliforms).
- Initiating bi-annual (i.e. twice per year) sampling for particulate size distribution analysis
 and annual MPA on each well on alternating years to confirm adequate filtration is
 occurring. The annual MPA sample and at least one of the bi-annual particle size
 distribution samples should be obtained in the wet season, preferably following a heavy
 rain event.
- Annual review of the sampling data for assessment of aquifer filtration performance.

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CLOSURE

We trust the above provides the information you require at this time. If you have any questions regarding this document, please contact the undersigned at your earliest convenience.

Yours truly, Thurber Engineering Ltd. Kevin Sterne, P.Eng. Review Principal

Chad Petersmeyer, P.Geo.

C. W. PETERSMEYER

Hydrogeologist

Attachment

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REFERENCES

BC MOH, Guidance Document for Determining Ground Water at Risk of Containing Pathogens (GARP) Including Ground Water Under Direct Influence of Surface Water (GWUDI) Version 1, Health Protection Branch, Population and Public Health Division, Ministry of Health, April, 2012.

Freeze, R. A., and J. A. Cherry, Groundwater, Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey, 1979.

Kohut A., Draft 5 Guidance Document for Determining Ground Water at Risk of Containing Pathogens Including Ground Water Under Direct Influence of Surface Water, Province of British Columbia, 2009.

Levelton Consultants Ltd., Hydrogeological Assessment of San Pareil Well #2, San Pareil Well field, Parksville, BC, submitted to Regional District of Nanaimo, 2005.

Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Terms of Reference for Hydrogeological Study to Examine Groundwater Sources Potentially Under Direct Influence of Surface Water, October 2001.

Wright Parry, Water System Study Bubbling Springs Utilities Parksville, BC, submitted to Bubbling Springs Utilities, 1996.

Thurber Engineering Ltd., Regional District of Nanaimo San Pareil Wells GWUDI Investigation, submitted to Regional District of Nanaimo, 2010.

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Method 1623: Cryptosporidium and Giardia in water by filtration/IMS/FA, US EPA 815-R-05-002, 2005.

Vasconcelos J. and S. Harris, Consensus Method for Determining Groundwater under the Direct Influence of Surface Water Using Microscopic Particulate Analysis (MPA), US EPA 910/9-92-029, 1992.

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STATEMENT OF LIMITATIONS AND CONDITIONS

1. STANDARD OF CARE

This study and Report have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted engineering or environmental consulting practices in this area. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

2. COMPLETE REPORT

All documents, records, data and files, whether electronic or otherwise, generated as part of this assignment are a part of the Report which is of a summary nature and is not intended to stand alone without reference to the instructions given to us by the Client, communications between us and the Client, and to any other reports, writings, proposals or documents prepared by us for the Client relative to the specific site described herein, all of which constitute the Report.

IN ORDER TO PROPERLY UNDERSTAND THE SUGGESTIONS, RECOMMENDATIONS AND OPINIONS EXPRESSED HEREIN, REFERENCE MUST BE MADE TO THE WHOLE OF THE REPORT. WE CANNOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR USE BY ANY PARTY OF PORTIONS OF THE REPORT WITHOUT REFERENCE TO THE WHOLE REPORT.

3. BASIS OF REPORT

The Report has been prepared for the specific site, development, design objectives and purposes that were described to us by the Client. The applicability and reliability of any of the findings, recommendations, suggestions, or opinions expressed in the document, subject to the limitations provided herein, are only valid to the extent that this Report expressly addresses proposed development, design objectives and purposes, and then only to the extent there has been no material alteration to or variation from any of the said descriptions provided to us unless we are specifically requested by the Client to review and revise the Report in light of such alteration or variation or to consider such representations, information and instructions.

4. USE OF THE REPORT

The information and opinions expressed in the Report, or any document forming part of the Report, are for the sole benefit of the Client. NO OTHER PARTY MAY USE OR RELY UPON THE REPORT OR ANY PORTION THEREOF WITHOUT OUR WRITTEN CONSENT AND SUCH USE SHALL BE ON SUCH TERMS AND CONDITIONS AS WE MAY EXPRESSLY APPROVE. The contents of the Report remain our copyright property. The Client may not give, lend or, sell the Report, or otherwise make the Report, or any portion thereof, available to any person without our prior written permission. Any use which a third party makes of the Report, are the sole responsibility of such third parties. Unless expressly permitted by us, no person other than the Client is entitled to rely on this Report. We accept no responsibility whatsoever for damages suffered by any third party resulting from use of the Report without our express written permission.

5. INTERPRETATION OF THE REPORT

- a) Nature and Exactness of Soil and Contaminant Description: Classification and identification of soils, rocks, geological units, contaminant materials and quantities have been based on investigations performed in accordance with the standards set out in Paragraph 1. Classification and identification of these factors are judgmental in nature. Comprehensive sampling and testing programs implemented with the appropriate equipment by experienced personnel, may fail to locate some conditions. All investigations utilizing the standards of Paragraph 1 will involve an inherent risk that some conditions will not be detected and all documents or records summarizing such investigations will be based on assumptions of what exists between the actual points sampled. Actual conditions may vary significantly between the points investigated and the Client and all other persons making use of such documents or records with our express written consent should be aware of this risk and this report is delivered on the express condition that such risk is accepted by the Client and such other persons. Some conditions are subject to change over time and those making use of the Report should be aware of this possibility and understand that the Report only presents the conditions at the sampled points at the time of sampling. Where special concerns exist, or the Client has special considerations or requirements, the Client should disclose them so that additional or special investigations may be undertaken which would not otherwise be within the scope of investigations made for the purposes of the Report.
- b) Reliance on Provided Information: The evaluation and conclusions contained in the Report have been prepared on the basis of conditions in evidence at the time of site inspections and on the basis of information provided to us. We have relied in good faith upon representations, information and instructions provided by the Client and others concerning the site. Accordingly, we cannot accept responsibility for any deficiency, misstatement or inaccuracy contained in the Report as a result of misstatements, omissions, misrepresentations, or fraudulent acts of the Client or other persons providing information relied on by us. We are entitled to rely on such representations, information and instructions and are not required to carry out investigations to determine the truth or accuracy of such representations, information and instructions.



INTERPRETATION OF THE REPORT (continued)

- c) Design Services: The Report may form part of the design and construction documents for information purposes even though it may have been issued prior to the final design being completed. We should be retained to review the final design, project plans and documents prior to construction to confirm that they are consistent with the intent of the Report. Any differences that may exist between the report recommendations and the final design detailed in the contract documents should be reported to us immediately so that we can address potential conflicts.
- d) Construction Services: During construction we must be retained to provide field reviews. Field reviews consist of performing sufficient and timely observations of encountered conditions to confirm and document that the site conditions do not materially differ from those interpreted conditions considered in the preparation of the report. Adequate field reviews are necessary for Thurber to provide letters of assurance, in accordance with the requirements of many regulatory authorities.

6. RISK LIMITATION

Geotechnical engineering and environmental consulting projects often have the potential to encounter pollutants or hazardous substances and the potential to cause an accidental release of those substances. In consideration of the provision of the services by us, which are for the Client's benefit, the Client agrees to hold harmless and to indemnify and defend us and our directors, officers, servants, agents, employees, workmen and contractors (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") from and against any and all claims, losses, damages, demands, disputes, liability and legal investigative costs of defence, whether for personal injury including death, or any other loss whatsoever, regardless of any action or omission on the part of the Company, that result from an accidental release of pollutants or hazardous substances occurring as a result of carrying out this Project. This indemnification shall extend to all Claims brought or threatened against the Company under any federal or provincial statute as a result of conducting work on this Project. In addition to the above indemnification, the Client further agrees not to bring any claims against the Company in connection with any of the aforementioned causes.

7. SERVICES OF SUBCONSULTANTS AND CONTRACTORS

The conduct of engineering and environmental studies frequently requires hiring the services of individuals and companies with special expertise and/or services which we do not provide. We may arrange the hiring of these services as a convenience to our Clients. As these services are for the Client's benefit, the Client agrees to hold the Company harmless and to indemnify and defend us from and against all claims arising through such hirings to the extent that the Client would incur had he hired those services directly. This includes responsibility for payment for services rendered and pursuit of damages for errors, omissions or negligence by those parties in carrying out their work. In particular, these conditions apply to the use of drilling, excavation and laboratory testing services.

8. CONTROL OF WORK AND JOBSITE SAFETY

We are responsible only for the activities of our employees on the jobsite. The presence of our personnel on the site shall not be construed in any way to relieve the Client or any contractors on site from their responsibilities for site safety. The Client acknowledges that he, his representatives, contractors or others retain control of the site and that we never occupy a position of control of the site. The Client undertakes to inform us of all hazardous conditions, or other relevant conditions of which the Client is aware. The Client also recognizes that our activities may uncover previously unknown hazardous conditions or materials and that such a discovery may result in the necessity to undertake emergency procedures to protect our employees as well as the public at large and the environment in general. These procedures may well involve additional costs outside of any budgets previously agreed to. The Client agrees to pay us for any expenses incurred as the result of such discoveries and to compensate us through payment of additional fees and expenses for time spent by us to deal with the consequences of such discoveries. The Client also acknowledges that in some cases the discovery of hazardous conditions and materials will require that certain regulatory bodies be informed and the Client agrees that notification to such bodies by us will not be a cause of action or dispute.

9. INDEPENDENT JUDGEMENTS OF CLIENT

The information, interpretations and conclusions in the Report are based on our interpretation of conditions revealed through limited investigation conducted within a defined scope of services. We cannot accept responsibility for independent conclusions, interpretations, interpolations and/or decisions of the Client, or others who may come into possession of the Report, or any part thereof, which may be based on information contained in the Report. This restriction of liability includes but is not limited to decisions made to develop, purchase or sell land.







SCALE 1:750



Client: Regional District of Nanaimo

File No.: 17-336-1 E-File: TED04024.dwg Date: October 4, 2012





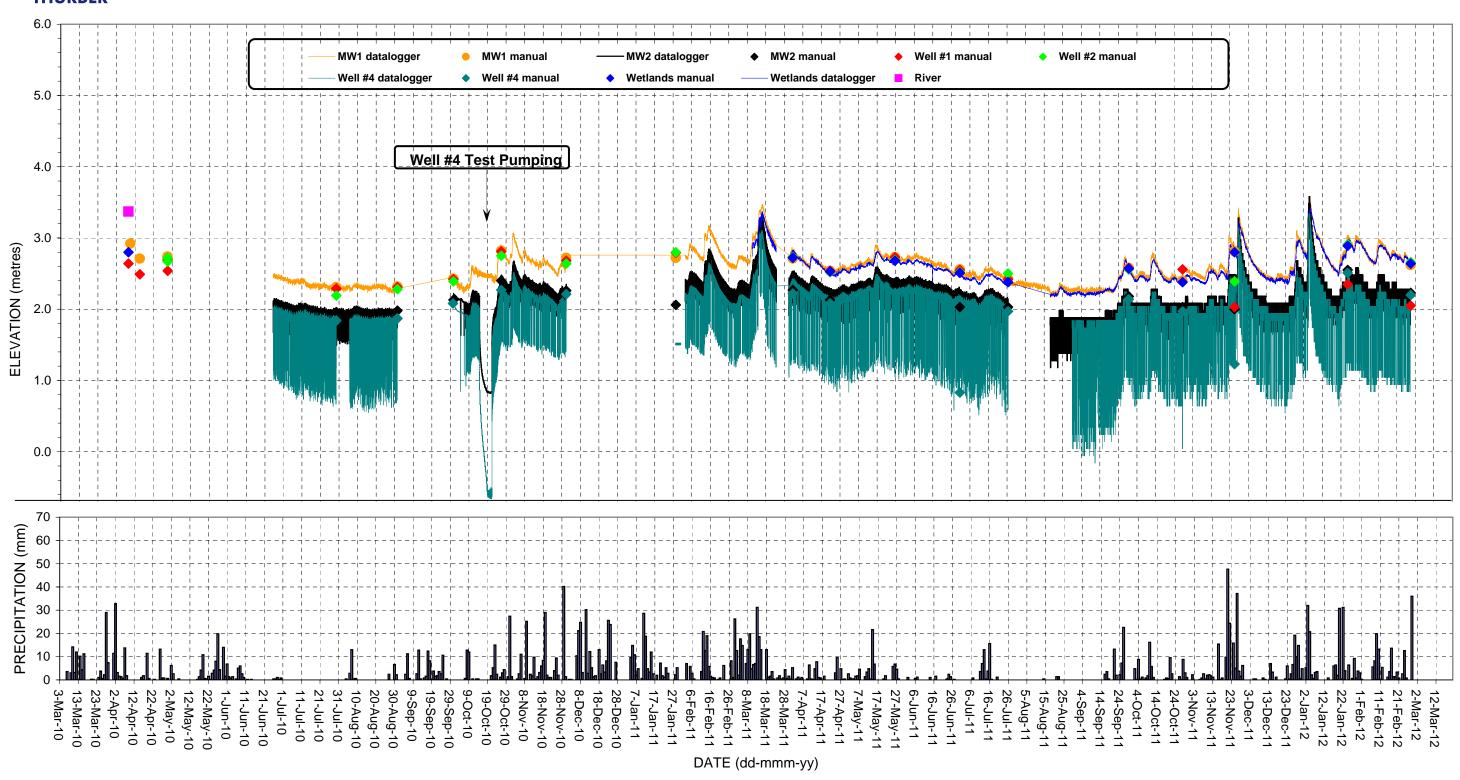


FIGURE 2

Client: Regional District of Nanaimo

File No.: 17-336-1

E-File: cwp_17-336-1_tbl_2010-04(Apr) 14 to 2012-02(Feb) Precip WLs.xls

Report To: Regional District of Nanaimo

Chad Petersmeyer

Lab Number: 88643

Date Reported: 28 Jun 11
Date Completed: 28 Jun 11
Date Received: 27 Jun 11 13:44

88643-01 San Pareil #1 well water

Sampled By: H. Dorken Sampling Date: 27 Jun 11 9:13

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	2.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

88643-02 San Pareil #4 well water

Sampled By: H. Dorken Sampling Date: 27 Jun 11 9:40

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

88643-01

Test	Method	Analyst	Date
E. coli (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	27/06/2011
Total Coliforms (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	27/06/2011

Approved By:

Catherine Black, Owner/Operator

Report To: Regional District of Nanaimo

Chad Petersmeyer

Lab Number: 89250

Date Reported: 27 Jul 11
Date Completed: 27 Jul 11
Date Received: 25 Jul 11 15:14

89250-01 San Pareil #1 well water

Sampled By: H. Dorken Sampling Date: 25 Jul 11 9:39

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	4.2	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

89250-02 San Pareil #4 well water

Sampled By: H. Dorken Sampling Date: 25 Jul 11 9:58

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

89250-01

Test	Method	Analyst	Date
E. coli (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	25/07/2011
Total Coliforms (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	25/07/2011

Approved By:

Catherine Black, Owner/Operator

Canadian Drinking Water Guidelines as listed on Dec. 5th, 2005 and are subject to

Report To: Regional District of Nanaimo

Chad Petersmeyer

Lab Number: 90031

Date Reported: 30 Aug 11 Date Completed: 30 Aug 11

Date Received: 29 Aug 11 13:11

90031-01 San Pareil well #1 raw water

Sampled By: L. Jaworski Sampling Date: 29 Aug 11 9:30

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

90031-02 San Pareil well #4 raw water

Sampled By: L. Jaworski Sampling Date: 29 Aug 11 10:00

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

90031-01

HE: bottle written #4, paperwork written #2, logged as #4

Test	Method	Analyst	Date
E. coli (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	29/08/2011
Total Coliforms (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NI _S L.	29/08/2011

Approved By:

Catherine Black, Owner/Operator

Canadian Drinking Water Guidelines as listed on Dec. 5th, 2005 and are subject to

Report To: Regional District of Nanaimo

Chad Petersmeyer

Lab Number: 90584

Date Reported: 23 Sep 11
Date Completed: 22 Sep 11
Date Received: 21 Sep 11 14:51

90584-01 San Pareil well #1 well water

Sampled By: H Dorken Sampling Date: 21 Sep 11 9:33

 Test
 Result
 Units
 Drinking Water Guideline

 Total Coliforms (DES)
 3.1
 MPN/100mL
 <1</td>

 E. coli (DES)
 <1.0</td>
 MPN/100mL
 <1</td>

90584-02 San Pareil well #4 well water

Sampled By: H Dorken Sampling Date: 21 Sep 11 9:58

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

90584-01

Test	Method	Analyst	Date
E. coli (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	21/09/2011
Total Coliforms (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	21/09/2011

Approved By:

Catherine Black, Owner/Operator

Report To: Regional District of Nanaimo

> Attn: Heather Dorken 6300 Hammond Bay Rd

Nanaimo, BC V9T 6N2

Lab Number: 91211

31 Oct 11

Date Reported: Date Completed:

31 Oct 11

Date Received:

20 Oct 11 12:23

91211-01 San Pareil #1 well water

Sampled By: H Dorken Sampling Date: 19 Oct 11 13:56

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Colour - Apparent	<5	Colour units	
Total Coliforms (DES)	9.9	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
Fluoride	< 0.1	mg/L	1.5 MAC
Chloride	6.1	mg/L	250 AO
Nitrate (N)	0.08	mg/L	10 MAC
Nitrite (N)	< 0.01	mg/L	1 MAC
Sulphate	1.6	mg/L	500 AO
T-Aluminium	0.009	mg/L	0.1 Operational Std.
T-Antimony	< 0.0002	mg/L	0.006 MAC
T-Arsenic	< 0.0002	mg/L	0.010 MAC
T-Barium	0.004	mg/L	1.0 MAC
T-Beryllium	<0.00004	mg/L	
T-Bismuth	< 0.001	mg/L	
T-Boron	0.018	${ m mg/L}$	5 IMAC
T-Cadmium	< 0.00001	mg/L	0.005 MAC
T-Calcium	8.28	mg/L	
T-Chromium	< 0.0004	mg/L	0.05 MAC
T-Cobalt	0.00004	mg/L	
T-Copper	0.012	mg/L	1.0 AO
T-Iron	0.022	mg/L	0.3 AO
T-Lead	0.0012	mg/L	0.010 MAC
T-Lithium	< 0.001	mg/L	
T-Magnesium	1.03	mg/L	
T-Manganese	< 0.005	mg/L	0.05 AO
T-Molybdenum	< 0.0001	mg/L	
T-Nickel	< 0.001	mg/L	

AO = Aesthetic Objective; MAC = Max. Allowable Concentration; IMAC = Interim MAC > = Greater than; < = Less than

Results relate only to samples as submitted. This certificate must not be reproduced, except in its entirety, without written consent from the laboratory.

Canadian Drinking Water Guidelines as listed on Dec. 5th, 2005 and are subject to

31/10/2011 16:36

Page 1 of 11



91211-01 San Pareil #1 well water

Sampled By: H Dorken Sampling Date: 19 Oct 11 13:56

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
T-Phosphorus	<0.01	mg/L	
T-Potassium	0.8	mg/L	
T-Selenium	0.0063	${ m mg/L}$	0.01 MAC
T-Silicon	2.5	mg/L	
T-Silver	< 0.00001	mg/L	
T-Sodium	4.74	mg/L	200 AO
T-Strontium	0.036	mg/L	
T-Thallium	< 0.00001	mg/L	
T-Tin	< 0.0001	mg/L	
T-Titanium	< 0.001	mg/L	
T-Uranium	< 0.0004	mg/L	0.02 MAC
T-Vanadium	0.0005	mg/L	
T-Zinc	0.012	mg/L	5 AO
Hardness (CaCO3)	25	mg/L	
pН	7.1	pH Units	6.5-8.5
Alkalinity	22	mg/L (CaCO3)	
Turbidity	<0.5	NTU's	5 AO
Conductivity	69.9	uS/cm	
T-Mercury	< 0.00001	mg/L	0.001 MAC
Total Dissolved Solids	14	mg/L	500 AO

91211-02 San Pareil #4 well water

Sampled By: H Dorken Sampling Date: 19 Oct 11 14:11

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Colour - Apparent	<5	Colour units	
Total Coliforms (DES)	1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
Fluoride	< 0.1	mg/L	1.5 MAC
Chloride	7.1	mg/L	250 AO
Nitrate (N)	0.08	$\mathrm{mg/L}$	10 MAC
Nitrite (N)	< 0.01	mg/L	1 MAC
Sulphate	1.5	mg/L	500 AO

AO = Aesthetic Objective; MAC = Max. Allowable Concentration; IMAC = Interim MAC

> = Greater than; < = Less than

Results relate only to samples as submitted. This certificate must not be reproduced, except in its entirety, without written consent from the laboratory.

Canadian Drinking Water Guidelines as listed on Dec. 5th, 2005 and are subject to

31/10/2011 16:36 Page 2 of 11



North Island Laboratories

9755 B Moray Avenue, Courtenay, B.C. V9N 8M9 Tel: (950) 338-7786 Fax: (950) 338-7553

91211-02 San Pareil #4 well water

Sampled By:

H Dorken

19 Oct 11 14:11 Sampling Date:

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
T-Aluminium	0.023	mg/L	0.1 Operational Std.
T-Antimony	< 0.0002	mg/L	0.006 MAC
T-Arsenic	< 0.0002	mg/L	0.010 MAC
T-Barium	0.002	mg/L	1.0 MAC
T-Beryllium	< 0.00004	mg/L	
T-Bismuth	< 0.001	mg/L	
T-Boron	0.014	${\sf mg/L}$	5 IMAC
T-Cadmium	< 0.00001	mg/L	0.005 MAC
T-Calcium	8.74	mg/L	
T-Chromium	< 0.0004	mg/L	0.05 MAC
T-Cobalt	0.00006	mg/L	
T-Copper	0.006	mg/L	1.0 AO
T-Iron	0.033	mg/L	0.3 AO
T-Lead	0.0006	mg/L	0.010 MAC
T-Lithium	< 0.001	mg/L	
T-Magnesium	1.24	mg/L	
T-Manganese	0.018	mg/L	0.05 AO
T-Molybdenum	< 0.0001	mg/L	
T-Nickel	< 0.001	mg/L	
T-Phosphorus	< 0.010	mg/L	
T-Potassium	0.9	mg/L	
T-Selenium	0.0052	mg/L	0.01 MAC
T-Silicon	2.98	mg/L	
T-Silver	< 0.00001	${\sf mg/L}$	
T-Sodium	4.54	$\mathrm{mg/L}$	200 AO
T-Strontium	0.036	mg/L	
T-Thallium	< 0.00001	mg/L	
T-Tin	< 0.0001	mg/L	
T-Titanium	0.01	mg/L	
T-Uranium	< 0.0004	mg/L	0.02 MAC
T-Vanadium	0.0005	mg/L	
T-Zinc	0.003	mg/L	5 AO
Hardness (CaCO3)	27	mg/L	
рН	6.8	pH Units	6.5-8.5

AO = Aesthetic Objective; MAC = Max. Allowable Concentration; IMAC = Interim MAC

> = Greater than; < = Less than

Results relate only to samples as submitted. This certificate must not be reproduced, except in its entirety, without written consent from the laboratory.

Canadian Drinking Water Guidelines as listed on Dec. 5th, 2005 and are subject to

31/10/2011 16:36 Page 3 of 11 91211-02 San Pareil #4 well water

Sampled By: H Dorken
Sampling Date: 19 Oct 11 14:11

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Alkalinity	21	mg/L (CaCO3)	
Turbidity	< 0.5	NTU's	5 AO
Conductivity	74.9	uS/cm	
T-Mercury	< 0.00001	mg/L	0.001 MAC
Total Dissolved Solids	28	mg/L	500 AO

Report To:

Regional District of Nanaimo

Attn: Heather Dorken 6300 Hammond Bay Rd

Nanaimo, BC

V9T 6N2

Lab Number:

91799

Date Reported:

5 Dec 11

Date Completed:

5 Dec 11

Date Received:

22 Nov 11 10:25

91799-02

San Pareil #1

well water

Sampled By:

LJ / HD

Sampling Date:

21 Nov 11 13:28

Test

Total Coliforms (DES)

8.7

Result

Units MPN/100mL Drinking Water Guideline

<1.0

MPN/100mL

<1 <1

91799-03

San Pareil #4

well water

Sampled By:

E. coli (DES)

LJ/HD

Sampling Date:

21 Nov 11 13:40

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

AO = Aesthetic Objective; MAC = Max. Allowable Concentration; IMAC = Interim MAC > = Greater than; < = Less than

Results relate only to samples as submitted. This certificate must not be reproduced, except in its entirety, without written consent from the laboratory. Canadian Drinking Water Guidelines as listed on Dec. 5th, 2005 and are subject to

05/12/2011 09:29

Page I of 2

Report To: Regional District of Nanaimo

Attn: Heather Dorken 6300 Hammond Bay Rd

Nanaimo, BC V9T 6N2

Lab Number:

92210

Date Reported: Date Completed: 12 Dec 11 12 Dec 11

Date Received:

8 Dec 11 10:03

92210-04 San Pareil #1

well

Sampled By:

7 Dec 11 11:33 Sampling Date:

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	19.2	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

92210-05 San Pareil #4 well

Sampled By:

7 Dec 11 11:49 Sampling Date:

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	6.4	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

92210-01

Test	Method	Analyst	Date
E. coli (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	12/8/2011
Total Coliforms (DES)	Enzyme Substrate: APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	12/8/2011

Approved By:

Catherine Black, Owner/Operator



Report To: Regional District of Nanaimo

> Attn: Heather Dorken 6300 Hammond Bay Rd

Nanaimo, BC V9T 6N2

Lab Number:

92942 26 Jan 12 Date Reported:

Date Completed: Date Received:

26 Jan 12

24 Jan 12 13:44

92942-01 San Pareil #1

Sampled By: L. Jawoski Sampling Date: 23 Jan 12 0:00

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	4.2	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

well water

San Pareil #4 92942-02 well water

Sampled By:

Sampling Date: 23 Jan 12 0:00

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

92942-01

Test	Method	Analyst	Date
E. coli (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	1/24/2012
Total Coliforms (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL.	1/24/2012

Approved By:

Catherine Black, Owner/Operator

Canadian Drinking Water Guidelines as listed on Dec. 5th, 2005 and are subject to

Report To: Regional District of Nanaimo

Attn: Heather Dorken 6300 Hammond Bay Rd

Nanaimo, BC V9T 6N2 Lab Number:93672Date Reported:2 Mar 12Date Completed:2 Mar 12

Date Received: 29 Feb 12 13:27

93672-01 San Pareil #1 well water

Sampled By: H. Dorken Sampling Date: 29 Feb 12 14:20

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

93672-02 San Pareil #4 well water

Sampled By:

Sampling Date: 29 Feb 12 14:42

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	2.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

93672-01

Test	Method	Analyst	Date
E. coli (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	2/29/2012
Total Coliforms (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	2/29/2012

Approved By:

Catherine Black, Owner/Operator

Report To: Regional District of Nanaimo

Chad Petersmeyer

Lab Number: 94289

30 Mar 12

Date Completed:

Date Reported:

30 Mar 12

Date Received:

29 Mar 12 15:10

94289-01 San Pareil #1 well water

Sampled By: H. Dorken Sampling Date: 29 Mar 12 9:12

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

94289-02 San Pareil #4 well water

Sampled By:

Sampling Date: 29 Mar 12 9:30

Test	Result	Units	Drinking Water Guideline
Total Coliforms (DES)	3.1	MPN/100mL	<1
E. coli (DES)	<1.0	MPN/100mL	<1

94289-01

Test	Method	Analyst	Date
E. coli (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL	3/29/2012
Total Coliforms (DES)	Enzyme Substrate, APHA 9223 B -modified	NIsL.	3/29/2012

Approved By:

Catherine Black, Owner/Operator

1008 Allowance Ave. SE,
Medicine Hat, AB T1A 3G8
Tel: (403) 529-0847 Toll Free: (888) 529-0847
Fax: (403) 529-0852 Email: hyperion@telusplanet.net
Principal Scientist: Peter M. Wallis, Ph.D.

MICROSCOPIC PARTICULATE ANALYSIS REPORT SHEET (GUDI)

CLIENT: Chad Petersmeyer

Thurber Engineering

100, 4396 West Saanich Rd.

Victoria, BC V8Z 3E9

TELEPHONE: (250) 727-2201 **FAX:** (250) 727-3710

Date of Sample: 27-Jul-11

Sample Location: RDN-PW#1

Type: Raw

Volume Filtered (L): 100
Temperature (° C): 11.4
pH: 5.87
Conductivity: 60

The methodology used to generate this report conforms to the USEPA Consensus Method for the Microscopic Particulate Analysis. Based on the validation data, the method is fit for its intended use. Hyperion Research Ltd. is accredited for this analysis by CALA under the ISO/IEC 17025:2005 standard.

Sample Processing Information			Final Pellet Vol.	(μL): 20.0			
Date Received 28-Jul-11	Time Received 1315	Customer # 123		Arrival (°C)	Lab ID 51214	Density Medium	Sediment (mL) 0.10
Total Wash (mL) 1200	Concentrated (mL	*	lume (µL) 100	MPA Volum	• /	Suspension Vol. (µL)	Equiv. Vol. (L)

GIARDIA and CRYPTOSPORIDIUM RESULTS

Giardia cysts/100 L: 0.00 Cryptosporidium oocysts/100 L: 0.00

PARTICULATE ANALYSIS RESULTS

Primary Particulates	Total Count	#/380 L (100 US gal.)	Relative Risk Factor
Diatoms:	0	0.00	NS
Other Algae:	262	995.60	EH
Insect/larvae:	0	0.00	NS
Rotifers:	6	22.80	M
Plant Debris:	8	30.40	M
Relative Risk F		- extremely heavy derate H - heavy re NS - not s	significant

Secondary Particulates	Total Count	#/380 L (100 US gal.)
Pollen	24	91.2
Nematodes	0	0.0
Crustacea	0	0
Amoebae	0	0
Ciliates/flagellates	0	0
Other	0	0
Large Debris	none	
Fine Debris	silica, clay	
Minerals	iron	

CONCLUSION: Based on this sample, the risk of surface water contamination is judged to be moderate

and the risk factor is 17

Additional Data: Surface water contains variety of algae.

Analyst:

Peter M. Wallis, Ph.D.

From the EPA Consensus Method:

Risk of Surface Water Contamination

20+ - high risk 10 to 19 - moderate risk

0 to 9 - low risk

Effective Date: 27/05/2006 Version #: 1.1 Revision Date: 02/01/2007 Document #: HR0013

Note: These results pertain to this sample only.

Recovery efficiencies for particles are known to be low by this method but are compensated for by filtering a large volume of water. Minimum recovery was measured to be 6.5 +/-1.2% for *Giardia* cysts, 0.5 +/-0.2% for *Cryptosporidium* oocysts and 4.2 +/-2.3% for *Euglena* (algae). Despite the low recovery, the method reliably detected as few as 1 cell/L of groundwater in validation trials with no false positives.

1008 Allowance Ave. SE, Medicine Hat, AB T1A 3G8 Tel: (403) 529-0847 Toll Free: (888) 529-0847 Fax: (403) 529-0852 Email: hyperion@telusplanet.net

Principal Scientist: Peter M. Wallis, Ph.D.

MICROSCOPIC PARTICULATE ANALYSIS REPORT SHEET (GUDI)

Chad Petersmeyer **CLIENT:**

Thurber Engineering

100, 4396 West Saanich Rd.

1200

Victoria, BC V8Z 3E9

TELEPHONE: (250) 727-2201 FAX: (250) 727-3710

1200

Date of Sample: 27-Jul-11

Sample Location: RDN-PW#4

Type: Raw

Volume Filtered (L): 100 **Temperature** (°C): pH: 6.02 64.5 **Conductivity:**

The methodology used to generate this report conforms to the USEPA Consensus Method for the Microscopic Particulate Analysis. Based on the validation data, the method is fit for its intended use. Hyperion Research Ltd. is accredited for this analysis by CALA under the ISO/IEC 17025:2005 standard.

Sample Processing Information			Final Pellet Vol.	(μ L): 100.0			
Date Received 28-Jul-11	Time Received 1315	Customer # 123		Arrival (°C)	Lab ID 51215	Density Medium	Sediment (mL) 0.20
Total Wash (mL)	Concentrated (mI	G/C Vo	lume (µL)	MPA Volum	ıe (μL)	Suspension Vol. (µL)	Equiv. Vol. (L)

100

GIARDIA and CRYPTOSPORIDIUM RESULTS

0.00 Giardia cysts/100 L: Cryptosporidium oocysts/100 L: 0.00

100

PARTICULATE ANALYSIS RESULTS

Primary Particulates	Total Count	#/380 L (100 US gal.)	Relative Risk Factor
Diatoms:	0	0.00	NS
Other Algae:	63	239.40	Н
Insect/larvae:	0	0.00	NS
Rotifers:	0	0.00	NS
Plant Debris:	0	0.00	NS
Relative Risk F		- extremely heavy derate H - heavy e NS - not s	significant

Secondary Particulates	Total Count	#/380 L (100 US gal.)
Pollen	0	0.0
Nematodes	0	0.0
Crustacea	0	0
Amoebae	0	0
Ciliates/flagellates	. 0	0
Other	0	0
Large Debris	none	
Fine Debris	high silica	
Minerals	iron, clay	

100

100

CONCLUSION: Based on this sample, the risk of surface water contamination is judged to be moderate

and the risk factor is 12

Additional Data: Surface water contains variety of algae.

Analyst:

Peter M. Wallis, Ph.D.

From the EPA Consensus Method:

Risk of Surface Water Contamination

20+ 10 to 19 - high risk

- moderate risk

0 to 9

- low risk

Effective Date: 27/05/2006 Version #: 1.1 Revision Date: 02/01/2007 Document #: HR0013

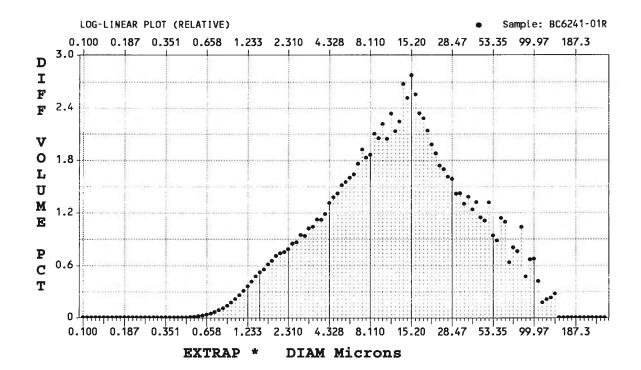
Note: These results pertain to this sample only.

Recovery efficiencies for particles are known to be low by this method but are compensated for by filtering a large volume of water. Minimum recovery was measured to be 6.5 +/-1.2% for Giardia cysts, 0.5 +/-0.2% for Cryptosporidium oocysts and 4.2 +/-2.3% for Euglena (algae). Despite the low recovery, the method reliably detected as few as 1 cell/L of groundwater in validation trials with no false positives.

NBK Mining Engineering Department University of British Columbia PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION BY ELZONE Particle Size Distribution for Maxxam Analytics Sample ID: Water sample BC6241-01R \ PW4 Tested for Tabitha Rudkin (Job #: B168246) Received July 29, 2011; Tested August 04, 2011 Tested ~1.2 - 200 microns Extrapolated 0 - 1.5 microns

Sample: BC6241-01R Material: water

Date: 23:02 04 Aug 111 Operator: Esau Arinaitwe



Geometric Mean Size:	12.49 um	PERCENTILES
Geom. Std Deviation:	2.982 um	10.00% Volume below 2.771 um
Geom. Skewness:	-0.968	20.00% Volume below 4.846 um
Geom. Coeff Variation:	23.87	30.00% Volume below 7.194 um
		50.00% Volume below 13.13 um
Arithmetic Mean Size:	21.54 um	60.00% Volume below 16.68 um
Median Size:	12.87 um	80.00% Volume below 32.72 um
Mode Size:	15.38 um	90.00% Volume below 53.94 um
Kurtosis:	5.024	
Arith Std Deviation	25.58 um	

ELZONE^(tm) Particle Size Analysis Date done: 23:02 04 Aug 111

For: Maxxam Analytics Disk File: MX6241AX.HST

Tabitha Rudkin

Sample #: BC6241-01R

By: Esau Arinaitwe/Sally Finora Lot/Job #: \ PW4

> Material: water

Operator: Esau Arinaitwe Source:

Comments:

Sampled representatively, diluted with NaCl and tested over two ranges

Electrolyte:

1% & 4% NaCl solution

-- PERCENTILES --0.751% Volume below 0.999 um

5.839% Volume below 1.998 um 11.18% Volume below 2.998 um

20.71% Volume below 5.000 um

31.35% Volume below 7.500 um

40.41% Volume below 9.998 um

48.21% Volume below 12.50 um

55.46% Volume below 15.00 um

66.61% Volume below 20.00 um

73.30% Volume below 24.99 um

78.01% Volume below 30.00 um

81.40% Volume below 35.00 um

83.22% Volume below 37.97 um

84.23% Volume below 39.99 um 86.20% Volume below 43.98 um

88.56% Volume below 49.98 um

90.00% Volume below 53.95 um

91.52% Volume below 59.99 um

93.92% Volume below 69.99 um

94.78% Volume below 74.97 um

95.55% Volume below 79.97 um

97.12% Volume below 89.99 um 98.22% Volume below 99.95 um

99.28% Volume below 118.7 um

100.0% Volume below 138.9 um

100.0% Volume below 138.9 um 100.0% Volume below 138.9 um

100.0% Volume below 138.9 um



☐ Well Construction Rep	ort
	714
Well Alteration Report	pita

Ministry Well ID Plate Number: 3364^{c}
Ministry Well Tag Number:
Confirmation/alternative specs, attached

BRITISH COLUMBIA The Best Place on Earth	Ministry of Environment	☐ Well Closur ☑ Well Alterat	•		egasty elaka lastela Gattad fistologia (b. la	per 🔲 🕻	Sity Weir rag Number. Confirmation/alternative sp Original well construction r	
Red lettering	indicates minim	um mandatony ini	ormation.		.	ee reverse fo	r notes & definitions o	f abbreviations.
Owner name: Mailing addres	Region s: 6300 Address: Street r	Hammo Hammo 1090 Plan		RD Plum	Vanaim Town Nane IMER RI Block Se	oimo	Prov. BC Post Fown PAYKSVI Rg. Land Disti	al Code V9T 6N2 11 E
NAD 83: Zone (see note 2)	an	UTW Northing:					note 3): N 49° N 124° 17.	19.280
Orientation of Class of well (s	well: vertical C see note 5):	initorin	und elevation:	class of w	ft (asl) Metho rell: Perm	od (see note 4):		
Lithologic From To ft (bgl) ft (b	Relative			- ecommende	ed terms on reverse.	Water-pegini		
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ft (bal) ft (ha	Dia Casir in ATTACY	ng Material / Open Ho	in Sh	ive		Dia in	Type (see note 18)	
Method of install Backfill: Type: Liner: PVC Diameter:	ation: Poured C Other (specify)	Pumped Thickne Thickne	ss: Depth: ss:	in 5 ft 5in 5 t (bgl)	Screen opening: Screen bottom: Brilter pack: From:	scope	size Plastic Other (sp. Slotted Perforater) Plate Other (specific	ted pipe y):in
Developed	bv:			and the second s	Final well com	X		
☐ Air lifting ☐ ☐ Other (specif	Surging	Pumping DE	tal duration:	hrs !	Fotal depth drilled: Final stick up: SWL:	ft in ft (btoc)	Finished well depth: Depth to bedrock: Estimated well yield:	ft (bgl) USgpm
Well yield e Pumping Rate: SWL before test Obvious wa Fresh Sa Colour/odour:	stimated by: Air lifting Bailing USg ft (btoc) ater quality ch alty Clear C	ng Other (specification: Pumping water lever the control of the	rel: ft (Gas er sample collected:	hrs (btoc) F	Where well ID plate in Well closure in Reason for closure: Method of closure: Sealant material: Details of closure (see	s attached: Iformation: Poured P note 17):		cted: Yes No
Registration no Consultant (if a DECLARATION: has been done in Water Protection	ist) (see note 19): b. (see note 20): pplicable; name and Well construction, well	l alteration or well clos equirements in the <i>We</i>	Z/O/	s he	ate of work (Y	YYY/MM/DD):	Completed: 20 j	

General

- Requirements for well construction and well closure reports are found in Part 5 of the Water Act and the Ground Water Protection Regulation. Part 5 of the act and regulation are at: http://www.env.gov.bc.ca/wsd/plan_protect_sustain/groundwater/index.html#leg.
- 2. The current Ministry standard datum for mapping and geodetic use is the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83). To determine GPS coordinates using a Global Positioning System (GPS), set the datum to NAD 83.
- 3. For latitude and longitude coordinates, provide coordinates either in degree, minutes and seconds (e.g., 50° 2' 21.037") or decimal degrees (e.g., 50.039175°).
- 4. For the method of determining ground elevation, enter: GPS, differential GPS, level, altimeter, 1:50,000 map, 1:20,000 map, 1:10,000 map or 1:5,000 map.
- 5. The classes and sub-classes of wells are shown below:

Class Sub-class (if applicable)	
Water supplyDomestic; Non-domestic	
MonitoringTemporary; Permanent	
Recharge or injection	
Dewatering or drainageTemporary; Permanent	
RemediationTemporary; Permanent	
GeotechnicalBorehole; Test pit; Special type of hole; Closed loop geother	mal

6. Well reports submitted to the Deputy Comptroller, or retained by the person responsible, as required under the *Water Act* and the Ground Water Protection Regulation, shall be considered part of the Provincial Government records and subject to the *Freedom of Information* and *Protection of Privacy Act*.

How to Fill Out the Lithologic Description Table

- 7. Each row in the lithologic description table represents either a depth interval or depth in the well.
- 8. A row could represent a depth interval (e.g., from 0 feet to 12 feet), such as for a geologic stratum or a specific depth (e.g., 120 feet), such as for a depth location of a water-bearing fracture.
- 9. For a depth interval, enter the relative hardness of the material in the column "Relative Hardness," if applicable: Very Hard (VH), Hard (H), Dense (D), Stiff (ST), Medium (M), Loose (L), Soft (S), Very Soft (VS).
- 10. For a depth interval, enter the letter for the overall colour of the geologic material in the column "Colour," if applicable: White (W), Grey (Gy), Blue (Bl), Green (G), Yellow (Y), Brown (Br), Red (R), Tan (T), Black (Bk).
- 11. For each depth interval, enter the description of the geologic materials encountered during drilling in the column "Material Description." Material descriptions should be chosen from the following recommended list of materials:

Surficial materials (approximate range of particle size) boulders (greater than 10 inches) cobbles (21/2 inches to 10 inches) gravel (80 slot to 21/2 inches) coarse sand (25 slot to 80 slot) medium sand (10 slot to 25 slot) fine sand (2 slot to 10 slot) silt (less than 2 slot) clay (much less than 2 slot) till (variable particle size) organics (e.g., top soil, wood, peat)

Bedrock materials conglomerate sandstone shale siltstone limestone crystalline granite basalt volcanic bedrock

- 12. In describing the material, list the material in order from greatest to least and indicate what materials occur in trace (less than 5%) amounts. The word "and" means both materials occur in approximately equal amounts (e.g., "gravel and coarse sand, trace silt").
- 13. Under the column "Water-bearing Estimated Flow (USgpm)," use "D" for "dry," "W" for "wet," or enter the estimated flow in USgpm.
- 14. If a water-bearing fracture is encountered, the depth of the fracture should be recorded in a row and the estimated flow of water in the fracture can be entered in the column "Water-bearing Estimated Flow (USgpm)."

How to Fill Out the Closure Description Table and the Well Closure Information Section

- 15. Each row in the closure description table represents either a depth interval (e.g., from 0 feet to 12 feet) or depth (e.g., 120 feet) in the well.
- 16. For a depth interval, enter the type of backfill or sealant material(s) in the column "Material Description."
- 17. Indicate in "Details of closure" whether casing(s) or screen(s) were pulled or left in place. If casing(s) were left in place, indicate whether it was perforated or ripped.

Screen Details

18. "Type" includes riser pipe, K-packer, screen, screen blank, or tail pipe.

Well Driller

19. Fill in the name of the driller who constructed the well.

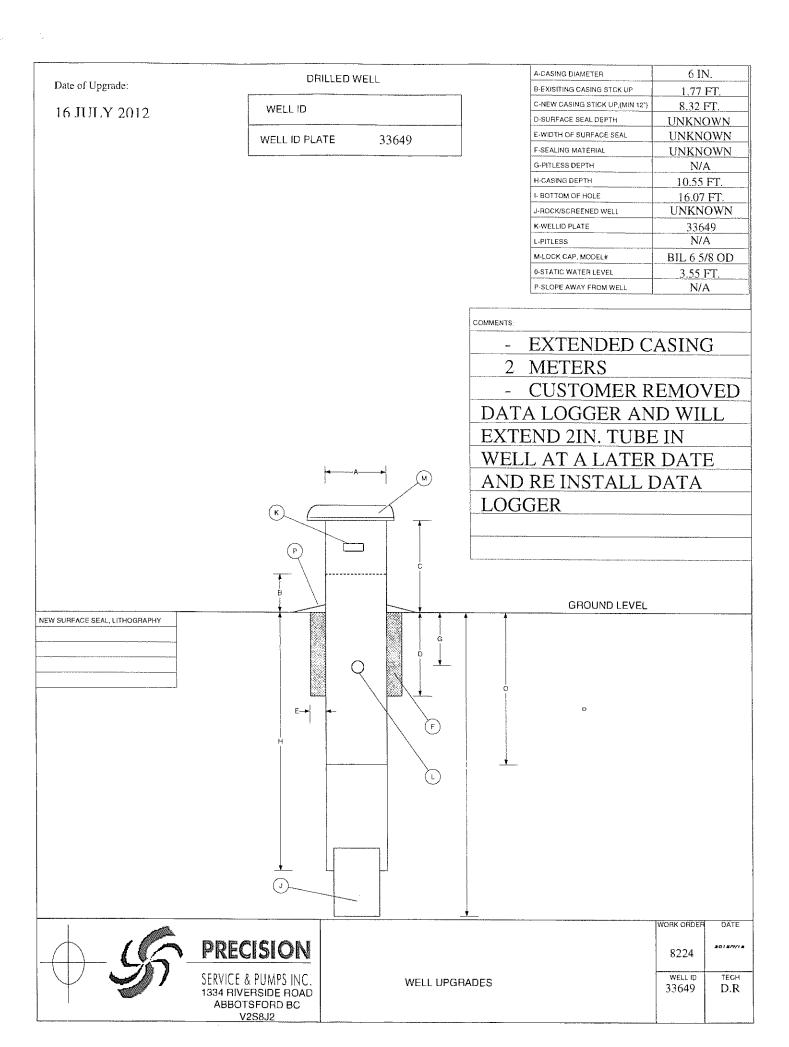
Registration Number of Driller Responsible

20. Fill in the registration number on the Qualified Well Driller identification card. If the work was completed by a driller who is not registered as a Qualified Well Driller, the Qualified Well Driller who is directly supervising the work should fill in their registration number on their Qualified Well Driller identification card. The Qualified Well Driller signs the form.

Definitions of Abbreviations

aslabove sea level	ftfeet	PIDParcel Identifier	USgpmUS gallons per minute
bglbelow ground level	hrshours	RgRange	UTMUniversal Transverse
btocbelow top of casing	ininches	SecSection	Mercator Grid
DiaDiameter	NAD 83North American	SWLstatic water level	
D:LDistrict Lot	Datum (1983)	TwpTownship	

Return Completed Forms to:





Ministry of Environment

☐ Well Construction Repo	rt
Well Closure Report	The may be about the state of water for all a
☐ Well Alteration Report	plians rose manifered at a core.

Ministry Well ID Plate Number:
Ministry Well Tag Number: 13714
☐ Confirmation/alternative specs. attached
Original well construction report attached

Red lettering indicates minimum mandatory information. Owner name: Regional District of I Mailing address: 6300 Hammond Bay R Well Location: Address: Street no. 1090 Street name Plum or Legal description: Lot Plan D.L. or PID: and Description of well location (attach ske	D Town Nanaimo Prov. BC Postal Code VOTT 6N2 nmer RD Town Parks VIII e Block Sec. Twp. Rg. Land District
NAD 83: Zone: (see note 2) Wethod of drilling: air rotary cable tool mud rotary auger driv driv Orientation of well: Vertical horizontal Ground elevation: Sub-class of well (see note 5): Water Supply wells: indicate intended water use: private domestic water supply sy	55 ft (asl) Method (see note 4): GPS f well: Non - domestic
Lithologic description (see notes 7-14) or closure description From To Relative Colour Material Description (Use recomme List in order of decreasing amount of the colour Soil &	nded terms on reverse. Estimated Flow Observations (e.g., fractured, weathered, ount, if applicable) (USgpm) well sorted, silty wash), closure details
Casing details From To Dia Casing Material / Open Hole Thickness Drive in Shoe ff (bgl) ft (bgl) in Depth: ft Surface seal: Type: Depth: ft Method of installation: Poured Pumped Thickness: in Backfill: Type: Depth: ft Liner: PVC Other (specify): Diameter: in Thickness: in	Screen details From To Dia Type (see note 18) Slot Size ft (bgl) ft (bgl) in Uncased hole Intake: Screen Open bottom Uncased hole Screen type: Telescope Pipe size Screen material: Stainless steel Plastic Other (specify): Screen opening: Continuous slot Slotted Perforated pipe Screen bottom: Bail Plug Plate Other (specify):
Perforated: From: ft (bgl) To: ft (bgl) Developed by: Air lifting □ Surging □ Jetting □ Pumping □ Bailing □ Other (specify): Total duration: hrs Notes: Well yield estimated by: □ Pumping □ Air lifting □ Bailing □ Other (specify): Rate: USgpm Duration: hrs SWL before test: ft (btoc) Pumping water level: ft (btoc) Obvious water quality characteristics: □ Fresh □ Salty □ Clear □ Cloudy □ Sediment □ Gas Colour/odour: Water sample collected: □ Well driller (print clearly): Name (first, last) (see note 19):	Filter pack: From: ft To: ft Thickness: in Type and size of material: Final well completion data: Total depth drilled: ft Finished well depth: ft (bgl) Final stick up: in Depth to bedrock: ft (bgl) SWL: ft (btoc) Estimated well yield: USgpm Artesian flow: USgpm, or Artesian pressure: ft Type of well cap: Well disinfected: Yes No Where well ID plate is attached: Well closure information: Reason for closure: Poured Pumped Native Soil & Sealant material: 3/8 Ben toni He Backfill material: 3/4 Gravel Details of closure (see note 17): Casing left in place Date of work (YYYY/MM/DD): Started: 2012 / 07/16 Completed: 2012 / 07/16 Comments:

General

- Requirements for well construction and well closure reports are found in Part 5 of the Water Act and the Ground Water Protection Regulation. Part 5 of the act and regulation are at; http://www.env.gov.bc.ca/wsd/plan_protect_sustain/groundwater/index.html#leq.
- 2. The current Ministry standard datum for mapping and geodetic use is the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83). To determine GPS coordinates using a Global Positioning System (GPS), set the datum to NAD 83.
- 3. For latitude and longitude coordinates, provide coordinates either in degree, minutes and seconds (e.g., 50° 2' 21.037") or decimal degrees (e.g., 50.039175°).
- 4. For the method of determining ground elevation, enter: GPS, differential GPS, level, altimeter, 1:50,000 map, 1:20,000 map, 1:10,000 map or 1:5,000 map.
- 5. The classes and sub-classes of wells are shown below:

Class	Sub-class (if applicable)
Water supply	Domestic; Non-domestic
Monitoring	Temporary; Permanent
Recharge or injection	
Dewatering or drainage	Temporary; Permanent
Remediation	Temporary; Permanent
Geotechnical	Borehole; Test pit; Special type of hole; Closed loop geothermal

6. Well reports submitted to the Deputy Comptroller, or retained by the person responsible, as required under the *Water Act* and the Ground Water Protection Regulation, shall be considered part of the Provincial Government records and subject to the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.

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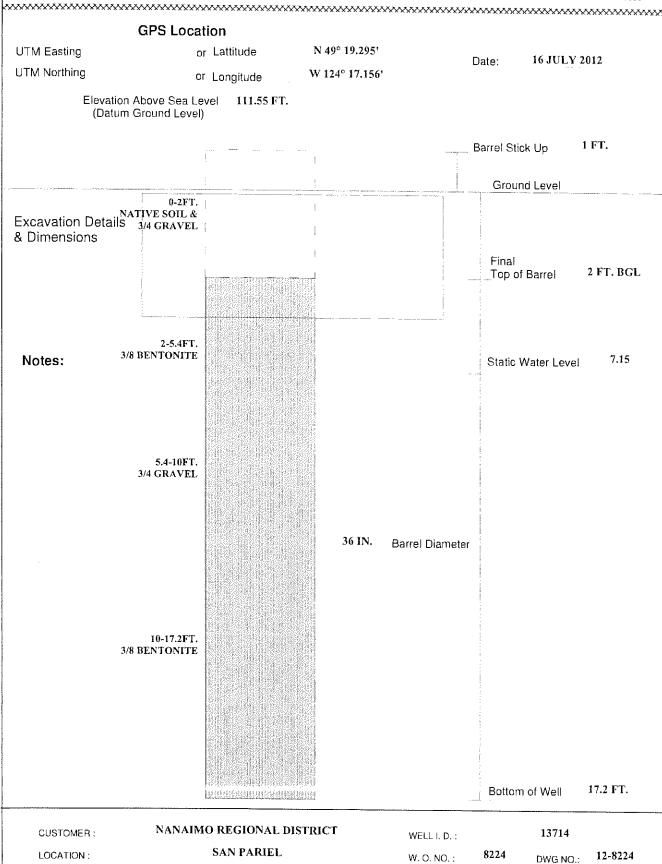
updated: Jan. 18, 2007

Return Completed Forms to:



1334 RIVERSIDE ABBOTSFORD BC V2S 8J2

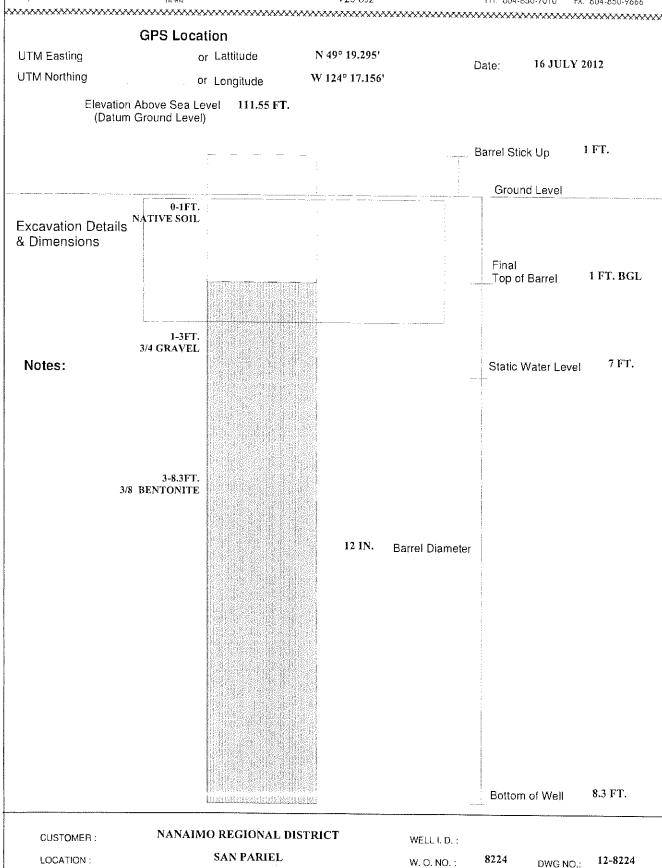
INDUSTRIAL - RESIDENTIAL PUMP SUPPLY AND REPAIRS PH. 604-850-7010 FX. 604-850-9666





1334 RIVERSIDE ABBOTSFORD BC V2\$ 8J2

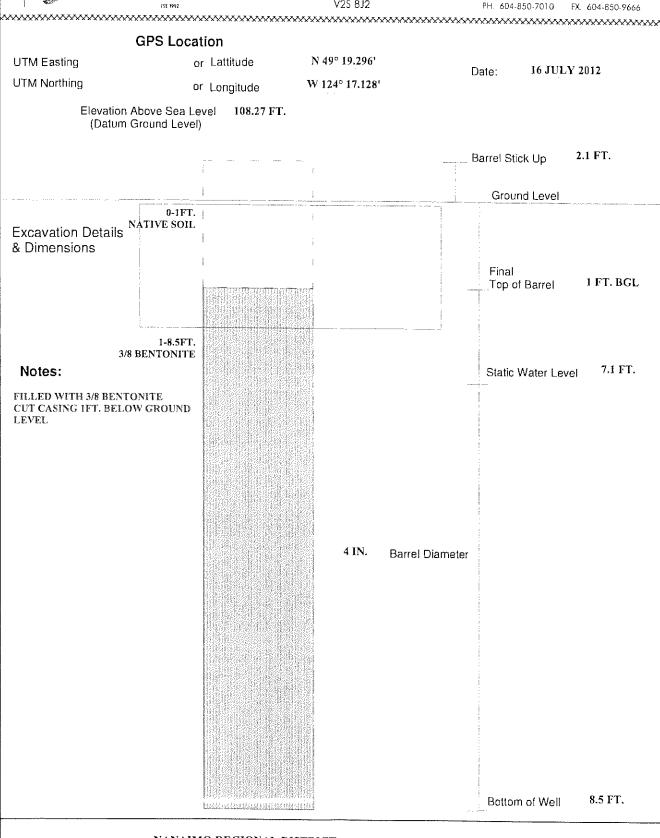
INDUSTRIAL - RESIDENTIAL PUMP SUPPLY AND REPAIRS PH. 604-850-7010 FX. 604-850-9666





1334 RIVERSIDE ABBOTSFORD BC V2S 8J2

INDUSTRIAL - RESIDENTIAL PUMP SUPPLY AND REPAIRS 604-850-7010 FX. 604-850-9666



CUSTOMER:

NANAIMO REGIONAL DISTRICT

WELL I. D. :

LOCATION:

SAN PARIEL

W. O. NO. :

8224

DWG NO.: 12-8224



1334 RIVERSIDE ABBOTSFORD BC V2\$ 8J2

INDUSTRIAL - RESIDENTIAL PUMP SUPPLY AND REPAIRS PH. 604-850-7010 FX. 604-850-9666

GPS Location

UTM Easting

or Lattitude

N 49° 19.296'

Date:

16 JULY 2012

UTM Northing

or Longitude

W 124° 17.128'

Elevation Above Sea Level 111.55 FT.

0-1FT.

(Datum Ground Level)

Barrel Stick Up

2.4 FT.

NATIVE SOIL **Excavation Details** & Dimensions

Final Top of Barrel

Ground Level

1 FT. BGL

1-8.6 FT. 3/8 BENTONITE

Notes:

CUT CASING 1 FT. BELOW GROUND LEVEL

7 FT. Static Water Level

4 IN. Barrel Diameter

Bottom of Well

8.6 FT.

CUSTOMER:

NANAIMO REGIONAL DISTRICT

WELL I. D.;

LOCATION:

SAN PARIEL

8224 W. O. NO. :

DWG NO.:

12-8224