

A Shared Community Vision

Regional District of Nanaimo Electoral Area 'A'
OCP Review,
Agriculture

March 23, 2009

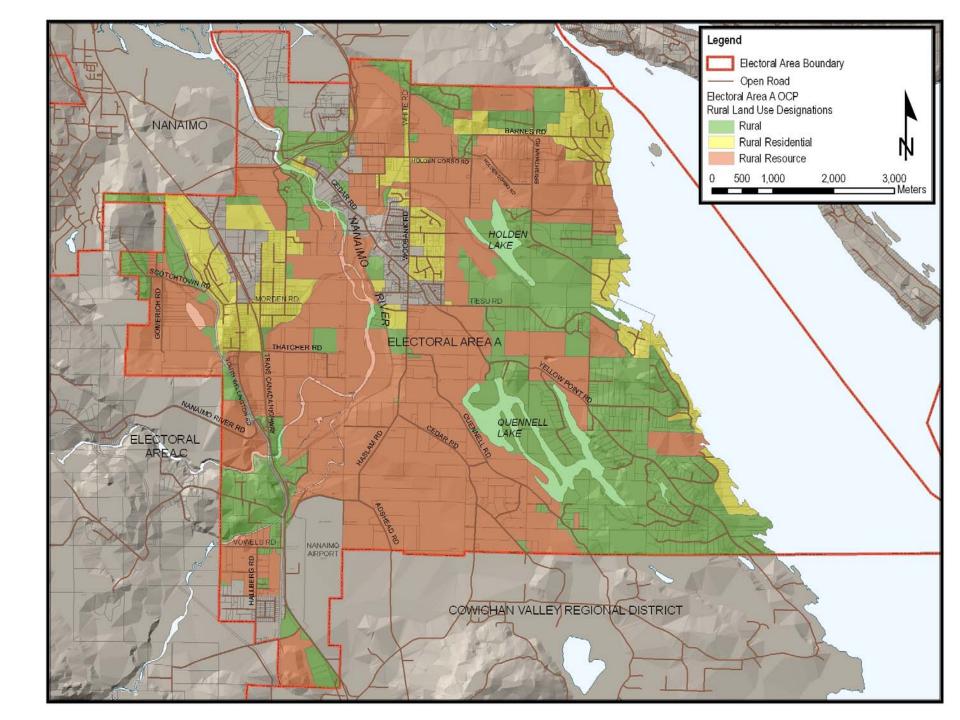


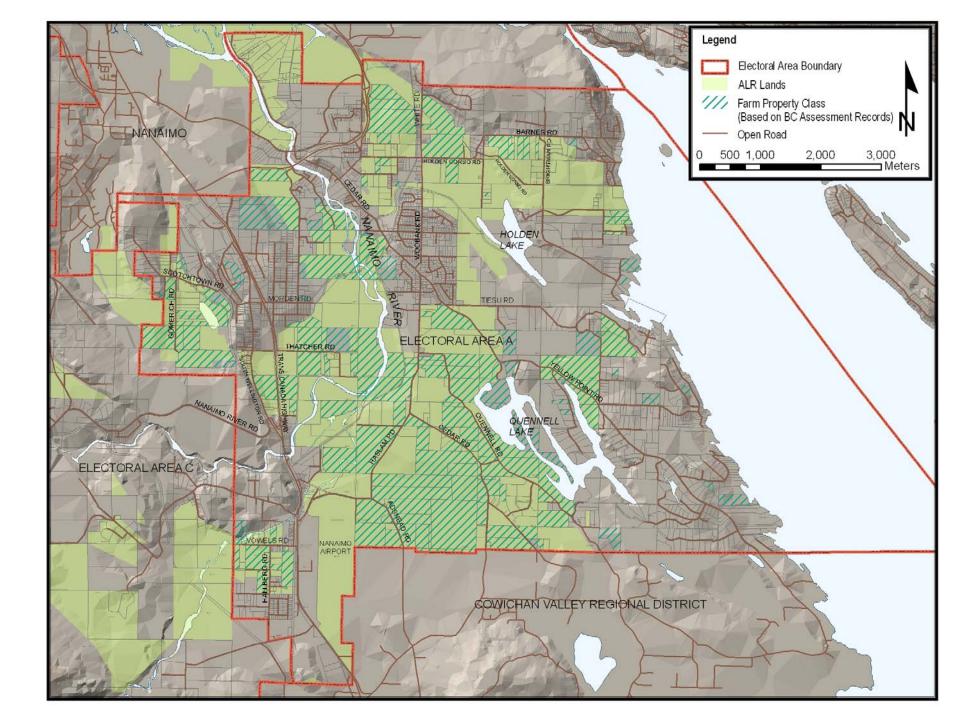
Presentation Outline

- How the OCP supports agriculture
- Policies and regulations
- Policy options for Electoral Area 'A'



- 3 Land Use designations
 - Rural Residential
 - Rural
 - Rural Resource







Rural Residential

- Focused on rural character
- No policies to encourage agriculture
- -Supports a 1.0 ha min. parcel size
- -Zoning allows a 2000m² min. parcel size



Rural

- Applies to lands not in the ALR
- No policies to encourage agriculture
- -Supports a 2.0 ha min. parcel size
- -Zoning is generally consistent



Rural Resource

- Applies to lands in the ALR
- Includes about half of the land in Area 'A'
- Contains general objectives and policies in support of agriculture
- Supports a 50.0 ha min. parcel size, except 8.0 ha for ALR land
- Zoning generally allows 2.0 ha min. parcel size



General Policies

- Section 5 includes a section on resource activities
 - Supports the ALC's mandate
 - No policies that encourage agriculture
 - No requirements or Development Permit Area for the protection of agriculture



Policies Vs. Regulations

- Policy: A written statement that indicates the communities preference
 - -Policies are not enforceable
 - Policies generally do not apply to current land use
 - -Help guide decisions
 - -Require other means to implement policies



Policy Implementation

Policy Action

- Limited tools
 - Rezoning amendments
 - Amendments to the Zoning Bylaw
 - Development Permit Areas
 - New bylaws and programs



- Support the development of an Agricultural Plan and/or Farm Bylaw
 - OCP could recommend that that an Ag.
 Plan be developed
 - Farming bylaw could be supported to allow greater flexibility for Ag. uses than what zoning allows



- Provide incentives that encourage agriculture
 - Waiving of fees
 - Fast tracking
 - Use of conservation covenants
 - Collaboration
 - -Support agriculture growth and investment
 - Support agriculture as the priority use



- Support maximum setbacks and floor areas
 - Reduce the impact of non-farm use on arable lands
 - Discourage large estate dwelling units that require large amounts of land where agriculture is not the intended use.



- Encourage value-added agricultural uses
 - Support a broader range of uses
 - Uses allowed on ALR lands
 - Uses that compliment agriculture and make it more viable
 - Implementation in 1 of 2 ways
 - Property owner initiated
 - RDN initiated



- Explore alternate land tenure options
 - -Part of Agricultural plan
 - Address aging population
 - Encouraging the younger generation to get in to farming



- Support the retention of ALR lands
 - -Current plan contains this policy
 - Encourages the ALC to retain land in the ALR



- Discourage development of arable lands
 - Supports minimizing the impacts of non-farm development on the most arable lands in Electoral Area 'A'
 - Right now we don't know where those are
 - Implementation Options
 - Encourage the ALC to deny applications which result in a reduction in agricultural potential
 - Require an agrologist report for all rezoning applications with recommendations that become conditions of approval
 - Development Permit Area to identify and mitigate impacts of non-farm use



Support the concept of Transfer of Development Credits

- To preserve lands for their value to the community (env, farming, resource)
- A way of responding to concerns over the financial impacts of reduced development potential
- Designate areas for conservation and growth receiving areas
- Development credits are issued based on development potential at the time the program is initiated
- Property owners wishing to build higher density in growth receiving areas must purchase development credits from property owners in conservation areas.
- An alternate source of income from property without developing or subdividing it
- As credit is sold, development potential is removed
- Results in the same amount of development, with more focus on creating compact communities
- Requires further study



- Provide an agricultural focus for new rural development
 - Ensuring that new development does not have a negative impact on agriculture
 - Discourage road ends leading in to ALR land
 - Require an agriculture assessment for all non-farm development outside the Urban Containment Boundary
 - Require buffering
 - Limit the number of dwellings to 1 per ALR parcel, unless more are needed for legitimate farm help
 - Encourage agriculture on lots of all sizes



- Designate a Farmland Protection DPA
 - Apply to land adjacent to ALR land
 - To protect against impacts of non-farm use
 - Agricultural operations would be exempt



- Develop Agricultural Zoning
 - Apply to ALR land
 - -To clarify the role of ALR land
 - Uses would could include agriculture, farm business, and home based business
 - 2 dwelling units per lot, provided that one is a manufactured home.



Discussion